

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Mettawa, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Mettawa, Illinois (the Village), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2021, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Mettawa, Illinois, as of April 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison information for the General Fund and Special Service Area No. 3 Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

These statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Naperville, Illinois August 13, 2021

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

As management of the Village of Mettawa ("Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Village's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Village of Mettawa exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$30,054,618 (net position). Of this amount, \$11,881,990 is unrestricted and thus available to meet future operations, while \$17,752,227 is the depreciated value of capital assets, net of outstanding debt incurred to acquire those assets.
- The Village of Mettawa's total net position (reported solely as governmental activities) increased by \$1,851,813. Sales Taxes while affected due to COVID-19 in the last four quarters ending April 30, 2021, did still post a \$39,867 increase compared to prior year. Other Income and Investment Income accounting for \$440,885 lower revenue due to COVID-19.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village of Mettawa's General Fund reported a fund balance of \$12,774,402 up from prior year of \$10,958,990 or \$1,815,412.
- At the start of the fiscal year, the Village of Mettawa was debt free and continued to be so for all of the fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Village's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

The Governmental Activities reflect the Village's basic services including administration, building standards, public works and public safety. Sales taxes, shared state taxes and property taxes finance the majority of these services. The Village reports only governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village are reported as governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Service Area #3, and Special Service Area #15, all of which are considered to be major funds. Information from the Village's other governmental funds is combined into a single column presentation. Individual fund information for these non-major governmental funds is provided elsewhere in the report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report also includes certain required supplementary information related to budgetary information. Non-major fund information can be found immediately following the required supplementary information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

		Governmen	ntal Activities
		2021	2020
ASSETS			
Current A	ssets	\$12,880,106	\$11,023,505
Capital As		\$17,752,227	\$17,853,913
Total Asse	ets	\$30,632,333	\$28,877,418
LIABILITIES			
Current Li	abilities	\$271,615	\$366,413
Long Term	1 Liabilities	\$0	\$0
Total Liab	ilities	\$271,615	\$366,413
DEFERRED IN	NFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Property ⁻	Taxes	\$306,100	\$308,200
Total Liab	ilities and Deferred Inflows of Reso	ources \$577,715	\$674,613
NET POSITIO	DN		
Net Inves	tment in Capital Assets	\$17,752,227	\$17,853,913
Restricted		\$420,401	\$377,751
Unrestrict	red	\$11,881,990	\$9,971,141
Total Net	Position	\$30,054,618	\$28,202,805

The large portion of the Village of Mettawa's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire or construct those assets and accumulated depreciation which is the loss in value of those assets. The Village of Mettawa uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The Village of Mettawa is reporting a positive balance of \$30,054,618 in net position in the current year and increase of \$1,815,412 from prior year, of which \$11,881,990 is unrestricted. In FY 2021, the Village of Mettawa's capital assets decreased to 17,752,277 net of annual depreciation due to annual depreciation of assets with only small increase-\$128,513- in new assets for Land Improvement and sewers.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

Statement of Activities

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Activities:

	Government	al Activities
	2021	2020
REVENUE		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$243,740	\$169,689
Operating Grants	\$29,088	\$20,360
Capital grants/Contributions	\$18,025	
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$341,722	\$340,184
Replacement	\$1,218	\$1,393
Sales Taxes	\$3,008,535	\$2,968,668
Telecommunications	\$149,830	\$140,606
Shared Income Tax	\$62,706	\$59,285
Other	\$273,468	\$586,446
Investment Income	\$15,358	\$143,259
Miscellaneous Income	\$6,297	\$953
Total Revenue	\$4,149,987	\$4,430,843
EXPENSES		
General Government	\$380,416	\$551,909
Revenue Sharing	\$771,210	\$936,877
Public Safety Public Safety	\$146,591	\$160,827
Public Works	\$999,957	\$962,901
Interest on Debt	\$0	\$30,470
Total Expenses	\$2,298,174	\$2,642,984
Changes in Net Position	\$1,851,813	\$1,787,859

Key Factors in the Change in Net Position in the Governmental Activities

Total Government Revenue decreased \$280,856. The decrease was mostly due to lower Investment Income and Other Tax collected. Expenses decreased overall by \$344,810 with higher expenses for General Public Works only. Much of the lower expenses are due to lower governmental activity and Revenue Sharing.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

Fund balance in the General Fund at the end of the 2020-21 fiscal year was \$12,774,402. It is an increase of \$1,815,412 and was due entirely to excess revenues and significantly lower expenditures in General Government and Revenue Sharing.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The following table reflects the condensed Budgetary Comparison Schedule:

	Final	
	Budget	Actual
Revenues		
Property Taxes	\$135,000	\$134,637
Road and Bridge Tax	\$35,000	\$34,296
Other Taxes	\$3,799,800	\$3,495,757
Fees, Licenses and Permits	\$180,000	\$243,741
Investment Income	\$150,000	\$15,137
Other Taxes	\$2,255,000	\$9,950
Total Revenues	\$6,554,800	\$3,933,518
Expenditures		
General Government	\$377,200	\$379,956
Revenue sharing	\$957,500	\$771,210
Public Safety	\$176,000	\$146,591
Public Works	\$723,500	\$691,836
Capital Outlay	\$5,700,000	\$128,513
Debt Service	\$600,000	\$0
Total Expenditures	\$8,534,200	\$2,118,106
Other Financing Sources (USES)-Transfer In	\$0	\$0
Excess Revenues over Expenditures	(\$1,979,400)	\$1,815,412

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

The primary differences in the budget and actual revenues and expenditures is the reporting of gross amounts of actual sales tax and hotel taxes, whereas for budget purposes, the rebates under incentive agreements were netted against revenue This difference included \$5,700,000 delay in outlay for land purchase from W.W. Grainger due to delay in annexation as well as \$2,255,000 in Other Taxes not collected.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

	May	y 1, 2020	Addi	tion/Dele	tions	April 30 2021		
Non-Depreciable Assets								
Land	\$9,0	602,549				\$9,602	,549	
Land Improvement	\$1,!	566,167	\$40,513	\$40,513		\$1,606,680		
Other Capital Assets								
Landscaping	\$1,8	800,297				\$1,800	,297	
Paved Streets	\$6,8	832,026				\$6,832	,026	
Sanitary and Storm Sev	wer \$9	38,364	\$88,000			\$1,026	,364	
Lighting	\$	5,886			\$5,886	\$0		
Accumulated Depreciation		891,376)			\$224,313	(\$3,115	,689)	
Total	\$17,	853,913				\$17,752	2,227	

The Village of Mettawa's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of April 30, 2021, was \$17,752,277 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes property and improvements, buildings, equipment, facilities and infrastructure. There were only minor additions in Land Improvement and Sanitary and Storm Sewer in the total amount of \$128,513.

Debt Administration

During the entire period of 2020-2021 Fiscal Year, the Village of Mettawa was debt free.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue to 8.625% of its total equalized assessed valuation (EAV). The Village of Mettawa 2020 Tax Year equalized assessed valuation (EAV) is \$143,564,576. The current legal debt margin for the Village of Mettawa is \$12,382,445.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

APRIL 30, 2021

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Village of Mettawa is located approximately 40 miles north of downtown Chicago. The EAV of the Village as of 2020 Tax Year is \$143,564,576 down \$3,647,927 from the 2019 Tax Year EAV of \$147,212,497. The decline is due to challenges of periodic county assessments on property that were successful.

As a Home Rule Unit of Government, the Village is not subject to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, popularly known as the "TAX CAP", which states that the total of certain levies (not including bond levies) may not increase more that the lesser of 5% of the total prior year total or the prior year percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index. However, it has been the practice of the Village Board to hold its levy constant for well over a decade.

The Village of Mettawa, in light of the recent COVID-19 pandemic, saw that once the phased openings in Illinois occurred that the anticipated tax revenues increased; Village of Mettawa increased its net position by \$1,815,412 providing additional reserve funds. Lastly, the increase in net position over the past few years has enabled the Village to adopt an ordinance providing for an annual tax rebate to its residents; in the 2021-2020 Fiscal Year, the village will increase its Fiscal Responsibility Act Rebate. To qualify for rebate, the resident must be the owner and occupant of a single family home as evidenced by a homestead exemption granted by Lake County. Each eligible resident is qualified to receive a rebate in the amount proportionate to the amount of the taxes paid divided by the amount of surplus declared by the Village.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Treasurer, Village of Mettawa, 26225 N. Riverwoods Blvd, Box M, Mettawa, Illinois 60045.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Government Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$	11,367,541	
Property tax receivable	·	306,100	
State shared taxes receivable		781,951	
Hotel tax receivable		17,012	
Other receivables		66,479	
Deposits		500	
Sheriff initiation fee		180,000	
Prepaid items		160,523	
Capital assets			
Capital assets not being depreciated		11,209,229	
Capital assets being depreciated, net		6,542,998	
Total assets		30,632,333	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		145,546	
Other accrued liabilities		8,891	
Tax rebates payable		117,178	
Noncurrent liabilities			
None			
Total liabilities		271,615	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property taxes		306,100	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		577,715	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		17,752,227	
Restricted for			
Maintenance of roadways		143,260	
Special service area purposes		277,141	
Unrestricted		11,881,990	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	30,054,618	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			Program Revenues Operating Capital Charges Grants and Grants and							et (Expense) evenue and Change in et Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	1	Expenses		r Services		ntributions		tributions		Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		Expenses	10.	i Bei vices		itiloutions	COL	itiloutions	-	i cu viucs
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	380,416	\$	242,455	\$	9,000	\$	_	\$	(128,961)
Revenue sharing	Ψ.	771,210	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	(771,210)
Public safety		146,591		1,285		_		_		(145,306)
Public works		999,957		-		20,088		18,025		(961,844)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	2,298,174	\$	243,740	\$	29,088	\$	18,025		(2,007,321)
			Gene	eral Revenue	s					
			Tax	tes						
			Pr	operty tax						341,722
			Re	eplacement						1,218
			Sa	les						3,008,535
			Τe	elecommunic	ation	S				149,830
				ther						273,468
				red income t						62,706
				estment inco	me					15,358
			Mis	scellaneous						6,297
	Total									3,859,134
			CHA	NGE IN NE	ET PC	SITION				1,851,813
			NET	POSITION,	, MA	Y 1				28,202,805
			NET	POSITION	N, AP	RIL 30			\$	30,054,618

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General			Special Revenue Special Service Area #3	Capital Projects Special Service Area #15		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	10,946,344	\$	-	\$ -	\$	421,197	\$	11,367,541
Property tax receivable		135,000		69,800	46,600		54,700		306,100
State shared taxes receivable		781,951		_	_		_		781,951
Hotel tax receivable		17,012		-	-		-		17,012
Other receivables		62,890		-	-		3,589		66,479
Deposits		500		-	_		-		500
Deposit - Sheriff initiation fee		180,000		_	_		_		180,000
Prepaid items		157,009		1,919	_		1,595		160,523
Due from other funds		450		-,	_		-		450
Advances to other funds		893,624		_	_		_		893,624
	_		_			_		_	•
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	13,174,780	\$	71,719	\$ 46,600	\$	481,081	\$	13,774,180
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	139,309	\$	2,302	\$ -	\$	3,935	\$	145,546
Other accrued liabilities		8,891		-	-		-		8,891
Tax rebates payable									
Hotel tax		79,769		-	-		-		79,769
Sales tax		37,409		-	-		-		37,409
Due to other funds		-		-	-		450		450
Advances from other funds		-		353,079	540,545		-		893,624
Total liabilities		265,378		355,381	540,545		4,385		1,165,689
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred property taxes		135,000		69,800	46,600		54,700		306,100
Deterior property tailes		·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2 1,700		200,100
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		400,378		425,181	587,145		59,085		1,471,789
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable									
Prepaid items		157,009		1,919	-		1,595		160,523
Deposits		180,000		-	-		-		180,000
Advances		893,624		-	-		-		893,624
Restricted for									
Maintenance of roadways		-		-	-		143,260		143,260
Special service area purposes		-		-	-		277,141		277,141
Unrestricted									
Assigned for capital outlay		5,000,000		-	-		-		5,000,000
Unassigned (deficit)	_	6,543,769		(355,381)	(540,545)		-		5,647,843
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	12,774,402		(353,462)	(540,545)		421,996		12,302,391
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	13,174,780	\$	71,719	\$ 46,600	\$	481,081	\$	13,774,180

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 12,302,391
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental	17.752.227
funds	 17,752,227
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 30,054,618

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special		Special	Nonmajor			Total	
	~ -	Service			Service	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
	 General		Area #3		Area #15	Funds			Funds
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$ 134,637	\$	67,800	\$	46,572	\$	58,417	\$	307,426
Road and bridge tax	34,296		-		-		-		34,296
Other taxes	3,495,757		-		-		-		3,495,757
Intergovernmental revenue	-		-		-		38,113		38,113
Licenses, permits and fees	243,741		-		-		-		243,741
Investment income	15,137		5		-	216			15,358
Miscellaneous	 9,950		5,346		-				15,296
Total revenues	 3,933,518		73,151		46,572		96,746		4,149,987
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government	379,956		-		-		460		380,416
Revenue sharing	771,210		-		-		-		771,210
Public safety	146,591		-		-		-		146,591
Public works	691,836		27,185		-		50,737		769,758
Capital outlay	 128,513		-		-		=		128,513
Total expenditures	 2,118,106		27,185				51,197		2,196,488
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,815,412		45,966		46,572		45,549		1,953,499
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), MAY 1	10,958,990		(399,428)		(587,117)		376,447		10,348,892
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), APRIL 30	\$ 12,774,402	\$	(353,462)	\$	(540,545)	\$	421,996	\$	12,302,391

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 1,953,499
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	128,513
Governmental fund balance is not reduced by net book value of disposed capital assets	(3,215)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
Depreciation	 (226,984)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,851,813

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	135,000	\$	134,637	\$	(363)	
Road and bridge tax		35,000		34,296		(704)	
Other taxes		3,799,800		3,495,757		(304,043)	
Licenses, permits and fees		180,000		243,741		63,741	
Investment income		150,000		15,137		(134,863)	
Miscellaneous		2,255,000		9,950		(2,245,050)	
Total revenues		6,554,800		3,933,518		(2,621,282)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		377,200		379,956		2,756	
Revenue sharing		957,500		771,210		(186,290)	
Public safety		176,000		146,591		(29,409)	
Public works		723,500		691,836		(31,664)	
Capital outlay		5,700,000		128,513		(5,571,487)	
Debt service							
Principal and interest		600,000		-		(600,000)	
Total expenditures		8,534,200		2,118,106		(6,416,094)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(1,979,400)	=	1,815,412	\$	3,794,812	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				10,958,990	_		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	12,774,402	:		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #3 FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 69,800	\$ 67,800	\$ (2,000)		
Miscellaneous income	-	5,346	5,346		
Investment income	-	5	5		
Total revenues	69,800	73,151	3,351		
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works					
Traffic control	2,645	5,470	2,825		
Engineering services	12,355	3,112	(9,243)		
Snow and ice control	13,000	15,998	2,998		
Road and bridge maintenance	-	629	629		
Miscellaneous	 -	1,976	1,976		
Total expenditures	28,000	27,185	(815)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 41,800	45,966	\$ 4,166		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1		(399,428)			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), APRIL 30		\$ (353,462)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Mettawa, Illinois (the Village) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)), as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Village was incorporated in January of 1960 under the laws of the State of Illinois and operates under a Mayor-Trustee form of government. The Village provides the following services as authorized by its governing board: highways and streets, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. Police protection is provided as a contracted service. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Village (the primary government). In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was based upon the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the primary government. Component units are legally separate entities for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial accountability exists when the Village (1) appoints the voting majority of the board and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship or the Village can impose its will on the component unit; (2) the potential component unit meets the fiscal dependency and financial benefit/burden criteria; or (3) it would be misleading to exclude the potential component unit. The Village does not present any component units.

b. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to report on its financial position and the changes in financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain village functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Funds are classified into the following category: governmental.

Governmental funds are used to account for all of the Village's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the funds restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets (capital projects funds) and the funds restricted, committed or assigned for the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Village. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Village does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Special Service Area #3 (SSA) is a special service area to provide maintenance and repair of water transmission mains, sanitary sewer trunk lines and lift stations (including force mains), storm sewer mains, street, curb, gutter, traffic signal, street lights, stormwater management consisting of stormwater detention and/or retention basins and their appurtenances, bicycle and equestrian trails, and public sidewalks (including carriage walks), all of the services to be beneficial to the service area

Special Service Area #15 (SSA) is a capital projects fund that is used to account for the activity associated with the construction of infrastructure within the service area.

In addition, the Village maintains nonmajor governmental funds to account for debt service activities and specific revenue sources used for road maintenance, capital outlay and other specific maintenance activities.

Special Service Areas

The Village created several special service areas to provide municipal services to these areas, which include construction of water transmission mains, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, street pavements, etc. Ordinances creating certain of these special service areas authorized the issuance of bonds or interfund advances to finance the construction of these projects. These bonds and interfund advances will be retired by the levy of a direct annual tax on all property located within the service area for the entire period that the bonds and interfund advances are outstanding.

Municipal services provided to the special service areas and the maintenance of the projects constructed will be financed with the imposition of taxes, generally at a minimum rate of 0.55% on all taxable property within the service areas for a period of 99 years.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, generally 60 days except for certain revenues collected by the state (e.g., sales and telecom taxes) which use a 90-day period.

The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Sales and telecommunication taxes owed to the state at year end on behalf of the Village also are recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met.

The Village reports unavailable/deferred revenue and unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Village before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow for unavailable/deferred revenue or the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Investments

Investments with maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

f. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from other funds" on the financial statements. Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds."

g. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, stormwater systems) and intangibles (easements and software), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$25,000 for building and improvements, landscaping, paved streets and traffic signals and lighting and \$50,000 for sanitary and storm sewer infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All land and land improvements are capitalized, regardless of cost. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

h. Capital Assets (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Years				
50				
30				
50				
40				
40				
20				

i. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Village Board of Trustees, which is considered the Village's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include resolutions and ordinances (equally binding) approved by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Village's intent to use them for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Village Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Village Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund is reported as unassigned. Deficit fund balances in any other governmental funds are also shown as unassigned.

The Village's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the Village considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets represents the Village's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset.

j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as gains and losses on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

k. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

1. Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Within or before the first quarter of each fiscal year, the Board of Trustees adopts the annual budget and appropriation ordinance.
- 2. The budget document is available for public inspection for at least ten days prior to the Board of Trustees' public hearing and the passage of the annual budget and appropriation ordinance. The Board of Trustees is also required to hold at least one public hearing on the appropriation ordinance.

- 1. Budgetary Data (Continued)
 - 3. Subsequent to the enactment of the annual budget and appropriation ordinance, the Board of Trustees has the authority to make any necessary adjustments to the budget.

For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end.

The budget was prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting; the same basis used in the preparation of the Village's basic financial statements. The Rebuild Illinois Fund and Special Service Area #2 Debt Service Fund were not budgeted.

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the fiscal year April 30, 2021:

	<u> </u>	Amount	
77. W.		4	
SSA #4		\$	2,746
SSA #7			1,759
SSA #9			9,732

m. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

n. Postponement of Implementation of Certain Authoritative Guidance

The Village has elected to implement GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*, which was issued to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This provides for the postponement of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, to April 30, 2023.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as "pooled cash and investments." In addition, deposits and investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds.

The Village will invest in accordance with the guidelines provided in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 30, Section 235/2 and Chapter 5, Section 220/15. Appropriate investments include:

- 1. Interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposit or interest-bearing time deposits that are direct obligations of any bank that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).
- 2. Bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, treasury bills or other securities guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.
- 3. Bonds, notes, debentures or other similar obligations of the United States of America or its agencies.
- 4. Short-term obligations of United States corporations (commercial paper) with assets over \$500,000,000 if (a) such obligations are rated in the three highest classifications established by at least two standard rating services and mature not later than 180 days from the purchase date, (b) such purchases do not exceed 10% of the corporation's outstanding obligations and (c) such purchases do not exceed more than one-third of the Village's portfolio.
- 5. Money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that the portfolio of any such money market mutual fund is limited to obligations of the United States Government or its agencies.

6. Illinois Funds

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. Village Deposits and Investments

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires the pledging of collateral for any deposits in excess of FDIC with the collateral valued at 105% of its uninsured deposits with the collateral held in safekeeping by a third party or in the trust department of the pledging institution in the Village's name.

Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village limits its exposure to interest rate risk by matching its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The investment portfolio is required to consist of securities with active secondary or resale markets in order to protect the liquidity of the portfolio.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Village limits its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed above and diversifying the investment portfolio to the best of its abilities based on the type of funds invested and the cash flow needs of those funds.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. The Village's investment policy requires all investment securities to be held by a third party custodian or trust department. Securities transactions are to be on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Village has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Village's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk.

The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Village does not have any investments reported at fair value at April 30, 2021.

3. UNAVAILABLE/DEFERRED REVENUE - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2019 levy year attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2019, on property value assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December 31 of the subsequent fiscal year end by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance. Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2020 and August 1, 2020 and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2020 and September 1, 2020. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2020 tax levy is intended to finance the 2022 fiscal year and are not considered available for current operations and are, therefore, shown as unavailable/deferred revenue. The 2021 tax levy has not been recorded as a receivable at April 30, 2021, as the tax attached as a lien on property as of January 1, 2021; however, the tax will not be levied until December 2021 and, accordingly, is not measurable at April 30, 2021.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

a. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Beginning						Ending	
	Balances]	Increases		Decreases		Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	9,602,549	\$	_	\$	_	\$	9,602,549
Land improvements		1,566,167	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,566,167
Construction in progress		-		40,513		_		40,513
Total capital assets not being				10,000				,
depreciated	1	1,168,716		40,513		-		11,209,229
Capital assets being depreciated								
Landscaping		1,800,297		-		-		1,800,297
Paved streets		6,832,026		-		-		6,832,026
Sanitary sewer		392,497		-		-		392,497
Storm sewer		545,867		88,000		-		633,867
Lighting		5,886		-		5,886		_
Total capital assets being depreciated		9,576,573		88,000		5,886		9,658,687
Less accumulated depreciation								
Landscaping		693,438		73,377		-		766,815
Paved streets		1,859,871		128,754		-		1,988,625
Sanitary sewer		158,159		9,813		-		167,972
Storm sewer		177,237		15,040		-		192,277
Lighting		2,671		-		2,671		
Total accumulated depreciation		2,891,376		226,984		2,671		3,115,689
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		6 685 107		(129 094)		3,215		6 542 008
HEL		6,685,197		(138,984)		3,213		6,542,998
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	ф 1	7 952 012	¢	(09.471)	¢	2 215	¢	17 752 227
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u> </u>	7,853,913	\$	(98,471)	\$	3,215	\$	17,752,227

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

a. Capital Assets (Continued)

Certain beginning balances were reclassed to reflect adjustments between categories. All depreciation expense was charged to the public works function of the primary government.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

6. INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

The general purpose of interfund balances is temporary cash flow loans. Interfund balances are intended to be paid back within the following fiscal year. As of April 30, 2021, interfund balances were as follows:

	Due to						
	General						
Fund	Fund			Total			
SSA #2 - Debt Service	\$	450	\$	450			
TOTAL	\$	450	\$	450			

The General Fund has advanced SSA #15 and SSA #3 amounts of \$540,545 and \$353,079, respectively, for the purpose of financing infrastructure improvements, to be repaid by property tax levies in future periods.

7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a. Litigation

From time-to-time, the Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. In the opinion of the Village's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village. No such lawsuits were noted as of April 30, 2021.

7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

b. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

8. COMMITMENTS

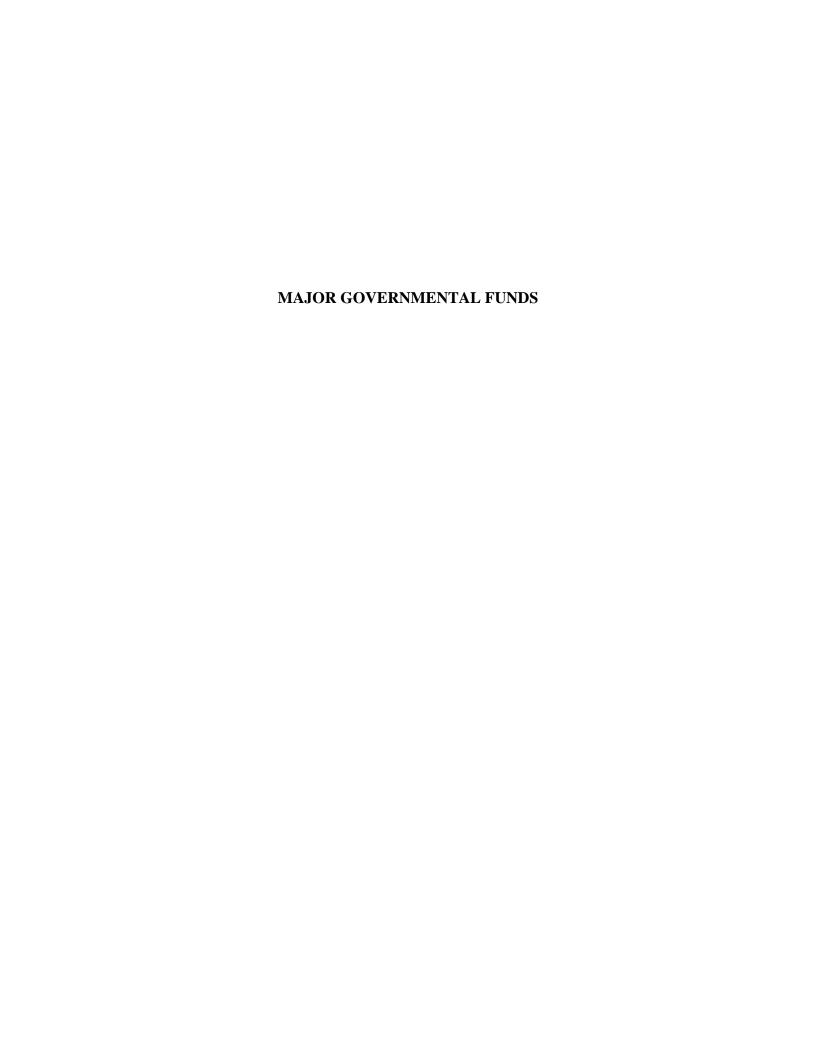
The Village entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Lake Forest on February 11, 1998, to annex the real estate owned by the Illinois State Toll Highway Authority, which is commonly known as the Lake Forest Oasis. Following the annexation, the Village received sales tax generated from retail sales at the Lake Forest Oasis. Under the agreement, the Village remits 50% of such tax receipts to the City of Lake Forest. During the year ended April 30, 2021, \$123,674 was shared with the City of Lake Forest, of which \$37,409 was payable at April 30, 2021.

9. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Village rebates certain taxes to recruit, retain or improve local business facilities or their supporting public infrastructure under certain circumstances. The terms of these rebate arrangements are specified within written agreements with the businesses concerned.

During fiscal year 2017, the Village entered into an economic incentive agreement with a local business. The agreement was approved by the Board of Trustees, in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Village is required to rebate 30% of any hotel/motel tax revenue generated. At April 30, 2021, the Village has accrued an estimated rebate liability of \$79,769 for amounts collected or accrued by the Village through April 30, 2021, but not yet paid to the business. During the year, the Village rebated approximately \$47,536 of hotel taxes to this business. The agreement has no stated maximum. The rebate is not subject to recapture, in whole or in part.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
Property taxes Road and bridge taxes	\$ 135,000 \$ 35,000	134,637 34,296	\$ (363) (704)
Other taxes			
Sales - Oasis	370,000	247,348	(122,652)
Sales - other	1,700,000	1,857,097	157,097
Sales - Other Sales - Grainger	925,000	904,090	(20,910)
Personal property replacement	1,300	1,218	(82)
Use	18,500	24,913	6,413
Telecommunications	118,000	149,830	31,830
State shared income taxes	62,000	62,706	706
Hotel	575,000	158,452	(416,548)
Real estate transfer	30,000	88,690	58,690
Charity gaming tax		1,413	1,413
Total other taxes	3,799,800	3,495,757	(304,043)
Licenses and fees			
Building permits and inspections	150,000	226,858	76,858
Cable franchise fees	9,000	9,598	598
Liquor license fees	6,000	6,000	-
Zoning and miscellaneous permit fees	10,000	-	(10,000)
Total licenses and fees	175,000	242,456	67,456
Circuit court fines and fees	5,000	1,285	(3,715)
Miscellaneous revenues			
Investment income	150,000	15,137	(134,863)
Loan funds	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	2,255,000	9,950	(2,245,050)
Total miscellaneous revenues	2,405,000	25,087	(2,379,913)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 6,554,800 \$	3,933,518	\$ (2,621,282)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
Current			
General government			
Auditing	\$ 27,500	\$ 27,750	\$ 250
Bank fees	1,200	3,743	2,543
Dues and subscriptions	1,100	1,166	66
Financial/accounting services	46,000	46,680	680
Insurance and bonds	12,000	12,137	137
Legal Maps and surveys	120,000 1,000	154,274	34,274 (1,000)
Miscellaneous	7,500	1,550	(5,950)
Office supplies	4,000	3,029	(971)
Planning consultants	19,000	(7,118)	(26,118)
Postage and copying	500	319	(181)
Printing and publishing	3,000	4,912	1,912
Recording fees	500	50	(450)
Telephone	2,500	2,612	112
Village administrator	66,500	68,000	1,500
Village clerk	42,500	45,891	3,391
Village office and meeting space	22,400	14,961	(7,439)
Total general government	377,200	379,956	2,756
Revenue sharing			
Hotel tax rebate	172,500	47,536	(124,964)
Property tax rebate	600,000	600,000	-
Sales tax rebates	185,000	123,674	(61,326)
Total revenue sharing	957,500	771,210	(186,290)
Public safety			
Police protection	176,000	146,591	(29,409)
Total public safety	176,000	146,591	(29,409)
Public works			
Building permit services	314,500	350,562	36,062
Disposal services	59,000	59,418	418
Engineering fees	102,500	115,222	12,722
Mosquito control	27,000	26,689	(311)
Road and bridge maintenance	184,000	103,877	(80,123)
Snow and ice control	30,500	36,068	5,568
Special events	6,000	-	(6,000)
Total public works	723,500	691,836	(31,664)
Capital outlay	5,700,000	128,513	(5,571,487)
Debt service			
Principal and interest	600,000	-	(600,000)
Total debt service	600,000	-	(600,000)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 8,534,200	\$ 2,118,106	\$ (6,416,094)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #15 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES Property taxes	\$	46,600	\$	46,572	\$	(28)
Total revenues	Ψ	46,600	Ψ	46,572	Ψ	(28)
EXPENDITURES None		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-		_		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	46,600	=	46,572	\$	(28)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1				(587,117)	-	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), APRIL 30			\$	(540,545)	•	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Motor Fuel Tax

Rebuild Illinois

Special Service Area #4

Special Service Area #5

Special Service Area #7

Special Service Area #9

Special Service Area #11

Special Service Area #13

Special Service Area #14

Special Service Area #10

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Special Service Area #2

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2021

		Special	Rev	enue		
	 Motor Fuel Tax	Rebuild Illinois		Special Service Area #4		Special Service Area #5
	 Tux	IIIIIOIS		AICa #4		HI Ca II S
ASSETS						
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 121,646	\$ 18,025	\$	72,606	\$	47,604
Property tax receivable	-	-		11,000		1,000
Intergovernmental	3,589	-		-		-
Prepaid items	 -	-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 125,235	\$ 18,025	\$	83,606	\$	48,604
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,128	\$	-
Due to other funds	 -	-		-		-
Total liabilities	 -	-		2,128		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable property taxes	 _	_		11,000		1,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	 -	-		11,000		1,000
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 -	-		13,128		1,000
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	-	-		-		-
Restricted for						
Maintenance of roadways	125,235	18,025		-		-
Special service area purposes	-	-		70,478		47,604
Unrestricted						
Unassigned (deficit)	 -	-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficit)	 125,235	18,025		70,478		47,604
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 125,235	\$ 18,025	\$	83,606	\$	48,604

Special Service Area #7	Special Service Area #9	Special Special Service Area #11	Special Service Area #13	Special Service Area #14	Special Service Area #10		Debt Service Special Service Area #2		Service Special Service		Service Special Service		Service Special Service		Service Special Service		Service Special Service		Total
\$ 63,674 4,000 - 1,595	\$ 55,970 29,000 -	\$ 13,071 4,000 -	\$ 7,028.00	\$ 18,462 2,200 -	\$ 1,670 3,500	\$	1,441 - - -	\$	421,197 54,700 3,589 1,595										
\$ 69,269	\$ 84,970	\$ 17,071	\$ 7,028	\$ 20,662	\$ 5,170	\$	1,441	\$	481,081										
\$ 1,124	\$ 683	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$	450	\$	3,935 450										
 1,124 4,000	29,000	4,000	-	2,200	3,500		450		4,385 54,700										
 4,000	29,000	4,000	-	2,200	3,500		-		54,700										
 5,124	29,683	4,000	-	2,200	3,500		450		59,085										
1,595	-	-	-	-	-		-		1,595										
62,550	55,287	13,071	7,028	18,462	1,670		- 991		143,260 277,141										
 -	-	-	-	-	-		-		-										
 64,145	55,287	13,071	7,028	18,462	1,670		991		421,996										
\$ 69,269	\$ 84,970	\$ 17,071	\$ 7,028	\$ 20,662	\$ 5,170	\$	1,441	\$	481,081										

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

			Special	Rev	enue		
	Motor Fuel Tax		Rebuild Illinois		Special Service Area #4		Special Service Area #5
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	11,057	\$	996
Intergovernmental revenue	20,088		18,025		-		-
Investment income	 213		-		1		
Total revenues	 20,301		18,025		11,058		996
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government Public works	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		9,746		<u> </u>
Total expenditures	 -		-		9,746		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,301		18,025		1,312		996
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), MAY 1	 104,934		-		69,166		46,608
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 125,235	\$	18,025	\$	70,478	\$	47,604

			Special	Revenue			Debt Service	
	Special Service Area #7	Special Service Area #9	Special Service Area #11	Special Service Area #13	Special Service Area #14	Special Service Area #10	Special Service Area #2	Total
\$	3,908 \$	28,838	\$ 4,000 - -	\$ 3,918	\$ 2,200	\$ 3,500	\$ - \$ - -	58,417 38,113 216
_	3,908	28,840	4,000	3,918	2,200	3,500	-	96,746
	- 10,759	30,232	- -	- -	- -	- -	460	460 50,737
	10,759	30,232	_	_		-	460	51,197
	(6,851)	(1,392)	4,000	3,918	2,200	3,500	(460)	45,549
	70,996	56,679	9,071	3,110	16,262	(1,830)	1,451	376,447
\$	64,145	55,287	\$ 13,071	\$ 7,028	\$ 18,462	\$ 1,670	\$ 991 \$	421,996

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	-	ginal and al Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental revenues Motor fuel taxes	\$	20,000	\$	20.000	\$	88
Investment income	Ф	20,000 1,200	Þ	20,088 213	Ф	(987)
mvestment meome		1,200		213		(767)
Total revenues		21,200		20,301		(899)
EXPENDITURES						
None		-		-		
Total expenditures		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	21,200	:	20,301	\$	(899)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				104,934	_	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	125,235	-	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #4 FUND

	_	nal and Budget		Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	11,000	\$	11,057	\$ 57
Investment income		-		1	1_
Total revenues		11,000		11,058	58
EXPENDITURES Current					
Public works					
Building services		7,000		9,746	2,746
Total expenditures		7,000		9,746	2,746
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	4,000	:	1,312	\$ (2,688)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				69,166	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	70,478	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #5 FUND

	-	ginal and al Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	1,000	\$	996	\$	(4)
Total revenues		1,000		996		(4)
EXPENDITURES Current Public works						
Contract maintenance		1,000		-		(1,000)
Total expenditures		1,000		-		(1,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	:	996	\$	996
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				46,608	-	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	47,604	:	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #7 FUND

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 4,000	\$	3,908	\$ (92)
Total revenues	4,000		3,908	(92)
EXPENDITURES Current Public works				
Snow and ice control	9,000		10,759	1,759
Total expenditures	9,000		10,759	1,759
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5,000)) =	(6,851)	\$ (1,851)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			70,996	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		\$	64,145	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #9 FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	29,000	\$	28,838	\$ (162)
Investment income		-		2	2
Total revenues		29,000		28,840	(160)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Public works					
Engineering services		-		11,023	11,023
Snow and ice control		20,500		19,209	(1,291)
Total expenditures		20,500		30,232	9,732
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	8,500	=	(1,392)	\$ (9,892)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				56,679	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	55,287	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #11 FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	
Total revenues		4,000		4,000		
EXPENDITURES None				-		
Total expenditures		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	4,000	:	4,000	\$	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				9,071		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	13,071	:	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #13 FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	3,900	\$	3,918	\$	18
Total revenues		3,900		3,918		18
EXPENDITURES None		-		-		-
Total expenditures		-		<u>-</u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	3,900		3,918	\$	18
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				3,110		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		:	\$	7,028	:	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #14 FUND

	_	inal and l Budget	Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	2,200	\$ 2,200	\$	
Total revenues		2,200	2,200		
EXPENDITURES Public works					
Engineering services		2,500	_		(2,500)
Total expenditures		2,500	-		(2,500)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(300)	2,200	\$	2,500
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1		_	16,262	•	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		_	\$ 18,462	:	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL SERVICE AREA #10 FUND

	Original and Final Budget			Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES	Ф	2.500	Φ	2.500	Φ	
Property taxes	\$	3,500	\$	3,500	\$	-
Total revenues		3,500		3,500		
EXPENDITURES None		-		-		
Total expenditures		-		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	3,500	ŧ	3,500	\$	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1				(1,830)	_	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	1,670		